PERSONNEL IDENTIFIABILITY

A person can be identified if it can be determined that a certain person was at a certain place at a certain time. Identification can also take place via a personal number plate, such as the licence plate number. It is imperative to avoid any identifiability of individuals.

SURVEILLANCE CAMERAS AT THE WORKPLACE

In Germany, monitoring at the workplace is subject to particularly strict requirements. Employers should not use any surveillance cameras at all at the workplace as long as a possible violation of the law cannot be completely

ROAD TRAFFIC SURVEILLANCE CAMERAS

In the case of cameras monitoring road traffic, it is advisable to configure the location of the wildlife cameras and the image section in such a way that the images do not allow road users to be identified by their number plates. Vehicle markings can also lead to the identification of road users.

OBLIGATION TO INFORM

If identification of individuals cannot be ruled out, a reference to the wild camera must be clearly visible on all access routes to the recording area. Passers-by must also be informed that, by entering the recording area, they give their consent to have their pictures taken and that, if they refuse to give their consent, they can avoid having their pictures taken by not entering the area. In doing so, the voluntary nature of the declaration must be considered. If the camera trap is located at a point which the person concerned must pass in order to reach his destination (e.g. entrance from a place of interest), there is no effective consent due to the absence of voluntary action.

NOTES ON THE EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

MINOX GmbH hereby declares that this MINOX trail camera complies with the following guidelines: For the full text of the EU Declaration of Conformity go to: www.minox.com (Support > Downloads)



DISPOSAL

Packaging disposal

Dispose of the packaging by type. Add cardboard to the waste paper, foils to the recyclables collection.

Wild camera disposal

(Applicable in the European Union and other European countries with separate collection systems for recyclables)

Old appliances must not be disposed of with household waste!

*: Cd = cadmium, Hg = mercury, Pb = lead

If the wild camera can no longer be used, every consumer is legally obliged to dispose of old equipment separately from household waste, e.g. at a collection point in his municipality or district. This ensures that old appliances are recycled professionally and negative impact on the environment is avoided. For this reason, electrical appliances are marked with the symbol shown. All appliances marked with the symbol are subject to Directive 2012/19/EU.



Batteries and rechargeable batteries must not be disposed of with household waste!

As a consumer you are legally obliged to dispose of all batteries and rechargeable batteries, regardless of whether they contain harmful substances*, at a collection point in your municipality/city district or with a commercial dealer, so that they can be disposed of in an environmentally friendly manner.



WARRANTY CONDITIONS

With the purchase of this MINOX trail camera you have purchased a product that has been manufactured and tested according to particularly strict quality guidelines. We accept the statutory warranty period of 2 years applicable to this product from the date of sale by an authorised dealer subject to the conditions contained in the detailed operating instructions.

DATA PROTECTION

When installing your MINOX trail camera, please be sure to respect the privacy rights of your fellow human beings. Under no circumstances should you set up the wild camera that allows people who accidentally enter the camera's recording area to be recorded in such a way that they can be identified in any way. This also applies to identifiable recording of licence plate numbers.

Publicly accessible rooms (streets, pavements, parking lots, etc.) may not be monitored by private individuals.

Under no circumstances may they use the wild camera to monitor employees.

Photos or videos of people whose consent you do not have must be deleted immediately.

If you use the wild camera to protect property or to investigate administrative offences or criminal offences, you must ensure that only the perpetrator and not persons that are not involved are photographed.

INTENDED USE

This MINOX trail camera is suitable for automatic recording of pictures and videos in digital format for indoor and outdoor surveillance. The camera is equipped with a motion sensor for automatic recording.

The wild camera is only intended for private use and not for commercial use.

Please note that liability is void if the camera is not used as intended (for details see the operating instructions).

SAFETY REGULATIONS

Safety instructions

Danger for children and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental abilities (e.g. partially disabled persons, elderly persons with reduced physical and mental abilities) or lack of experience and knowledge (e.g. elderly children).



- This wild camera can be used by persons aged 14 years and older. Cleaning and user maintenance must not be performed by children without supervision.
- The packaging material is not a toy. Do not allow children to play with the packaging foil. They may get trapped and suffocate while playing.
- Supervise children to ensure that they do not play with small parts (memory cards, batteries). If you suspect that a small part has been swallowed, immediately seek medical attention.
- Store small parts out of reach of children and animals.

Risk of injury!

Improper handling of the wild camera may cause injuries!



- Fasten the mounting bracket securely to the ceiling or wall according to the installation instructions (see chapter "Using the mounting bracket").
- Fasten the mounting strap securely according to the mounting instructions (see chapter "Fastening the mounting strap"), e.g. to a tree.
- Only use a mains adapter (not included) with the input voltage specified on the type plate (6 V and at least 2 A). Do not use the mains adapter during thunderstorms. Observe the operating instructions for the mains
- Immediately remove the batteries/rechargeable batteries and, if necessary, the mains adapter from the wild camera housing in case of unusual noises or odours or smoke.

Risk of material damage!

Improper handling of the wild camera may cause damage to the wild camera!

- Never place the wild camera on or near hot surfaces (e.g. hotplates, etc.).
- Never expose the wild camera to high temperatures (heating, etc.).
- Never pour liquid into the wild camera.
- Do not use steam cleaner for cleaning
- Do not use the wild camera if the plastic or metal components of the device have cracks or damage or have been deformed.

- Handle the wild camera with care. Impacts, drops, or shocks can damage the wild camera.
- The wild camera complies with protection type IP66. It is protected against dust and splash water when tightly closed (with protective cap on) and can be used outdoors. Never immerse the wild camera in water or other
- Do not place objects filled with liquids, such as vases, on the device while it is connected to a mains adapter, the protective cap is not firmly closed, or the wild camera is unfolded.
- Do not apply pressure to the wild camera display as this may damage it.
- When connected to multimedia devices or an external mains adapter, the wild camera may only be used indoors and must not be exposed to dripping or splashing water.
- Remove the batteries if you will not be using the wild camera for a long time to prevent damage from leaking
- Only use the wild camera in a temperature range of between -20 °C and +40 °C. The wild camera is suitable for use in tropical climates.
- Do not modify the wild camera.
- The infrared LEDs are not interchangeable.
- Do not place open fire sources, such as burning candles, on or near the wild camera.
- Keep the wild camera away from open fire and hot surfaces.
- Never open the housing, but have repairs carried out by qualified persons. Contact a specialist workshop for this purpose. Liability and warranty claims are excluded in the event of repairs carried out independently, improper connection or incorrect operation.
- Do not operate the wild camera if it shows visible damage or defects.
- If you do not use the wild camera, clean it or if a malfunction occurs, always switch off the wild camera and remove the batteries. Disconnect all connections.
- In case of problems with the product due to static discharges, turn the unit off and turn it on again after approximately 10 seconds.

BATTERY SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Risk of explosion!

Improperly used batteries can leak and cause fire or explosion.

- Only use batteries of the same or equivalent type as recommended by the manufacturer.
- Always replace the entire battery pack. Never mix old and new batteries or rechargeable batteries with different charge levels.

- Do not disassemble, short-circuit, or recharge non-rechargeable batteries.
- Remove used batteries from the wild camera.
- Make sure the polarity is correct when inserting the batteries. This is indicated in the battery compartment. Improper installation may cause damage to the wild camera.
- Store the batteries in a cool, dry place. Do not expose the batteries to excessive heat (e.q. direct sunlight) or throw them into a fire.

Health hazard!

Improper handling of the batteries may cause injuries!



- Keep both new and used batteries out of the reach of children and pets.
- If you suspect that a battery has been swallowed or has otherwise entered the body seek medical attention immediately.
- Only handle leaking batteries with gloves and dispose of them as directed.
- If the skin comes into contact with battery acid, wash the area with plenty of soap and water.
- Avoid eye contact with battery acid. If eye contact with battery acid occurs, rinse eyes with water and seek medical attention immediately.
- Remove the batteries before disposing of the wild camera.

POSSIBLE LEGAL INFRINGEMENTS

When using the wild camera, observe the following instructions:

COPYRIGHT

Basically every person has the right to his or her own picture. According to copyright law, pictures may only be published without the consent of the person concerned if the person appears as an accessory next to a landscape or other location. The answer to the question of whether a person is merely an accessory depends on the circumstances of the individual case. For reasons of legal certainty, in all cases in which it is possible to take pictures with an identifiable personal reference, information about the wild camera should be provided (see also section "Obligation to inform")

PROTECTION OF PRIVACY

The privacy of others may not be violated by the images shown. Do not point your wild camera in the direction of the garden or the front door of your neighbouring apartment, even if these places are visible from your own apartment or from public locations. This does not justify the publication of these insights.

